

Environment Horticulture Program Research Summaries

IR-4 Environmental Horticulture Program Mandestrobin Crop Safety

Authors: Cristi L. Palmer Date: November 30, 2021

Acknowledgements Ely Vea Susan Bierbrunner

This material is based upon work that is supported by the National Institute of Food and Agriculture, U.S. Department of Agriculture, under award numbers 2015-34383-23710, 2017-34383-27100, 2019-34383-29973 and 2020-34383-32455 with substantial cooperation and support from the State Agricultural Experiment Stations and USDA-ARS.

Table of Contents

Table of Contents	2
Table of Tables	3
Abstract	4
Introduction	5
Materials and Methods	
Results and Summary	5
Phytotoxicity	
Label Suggestions	
Appendix 1: Contributing Researchers	

Table of Tables

Table 1.	List of Mandestrobin treated crops with no or minimal transitory injury	6
Table 2.	List of Mandestrobin treated crops with no injury at 1X but significant injury	
	at 2X or 4X	6
Table 3.	List of Mandestrobin treated crops with significant injury at 1X	6
Table 4.	List of Mandestrobin treated crops where more information is needed	6
Table 5	Detailed Summary of Crop Safety Testing with Mandestrobin	7

Abstract

Mandestrobin is a new systemic and translaminar fungicide being developed by Valent for the control of Botrytis and other foliar diseases of environmental horticulture crops. The IR-4 Project completed 37 crop safety trials on 19 environmental horticulture plant species or genera during 2015 to 2021. Four crops exhibited no or minimal injury in at least 3 trials: *Antirrhinum majus, Begonia* sp., *Petunia* sp. and *Viola x wittrockiana*. There are 15 species or genera where less than 3 trials were conducted so there is not enough information available at this time. All trials for each of these crops showed no or minimal, transitory phytotoxicity.

Introduction

Mandestrobin is a new systemic and translaminar fungicide being developed by Valent for the control of Botrytis and other foliar diseases of ornamental horticulture crops. The IR-4 Project completed 37 crop safety trials on 19 ornamental horticulture plant species or genera during 2015 to 2017.

Materials and Methods

Mandestrobin was applied as foliar treatment typically 3 times at approximately 14 days intervals. The application rates were 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal, plus a water treated control. A minimum of ten plants (replicate treatments) were required. Phytotoxicity was recorded on a scale of 0 to 10 (0 = No phytotoxicity; 10 = Complete kill). Phytotoxicity was rated weekly up to 6 weeks after initial application. For IR-4 testing, the following protocols were used: 15-003, 16-004, 17-004, 18-006, 19-006, 20-011, and 21-011. For more detailed materials and methods, including application rates for various products, please visit <u>https://www.ir4project.org/ehc/ehc-registration-support-research/env-hort-researcher-resources/#Protocols</u> to view and download these protocols.

Mandestrobin was supplied to researchers (See list of researchers in Appendix 1) by Valent.

Results and Summary

Based on the type and nature of injury seen with pesticide applications, tested plant species were placed into four categories: 1) no significant phytotoxicity or growth differences from the untreated check or any injury was transitory, 2) no or minimal transitory injury seen at the 1X rate, but the 2X and/or 4X rates did cause significant phytotoxicity, 3) significant injury at the 1X rate sufficient to recommend growers not utilize Mandestrobin, and 4) more data is needed to make informed recommendations.

Phytotoxicity

Across all crops tested, Mandestrobin exhibited no or minimal negative impact on all plant species or genera. Four crops exhibited no or minimal injury in at least 3 trials: *Antirrhinum majus, Begonia* sp., *Petunia* sp. and *Viola x wittrockiana*. There are 15 species or genera where less than 3 trials were conducted so there is not enough information available at this time (Table 4). All trials for each of these crops showed no or minimal, transitory phytotoxicity.

Please see Table 5 for a summary of the individual trial results.

Table 1. List of Mandestrobin treated crops with no or minimal transitory injury.

Antirrhinum majus Begonia sp. Petunia hybrida Viola x wittrockiana

Table 2.List of Mandestrobin treated crops with no injury at 1X but significant injury at 2X or4X.

None

Table 3. List of Mandestrobin treated crops with significant injury at 1X.

None

Table 4. List of Mandestrobin treated crops where more information is needed.

Alyssum sp.¹ Calibrachoa sp.¹ Chamaerops humilis¹ Chrysanthemum/Dendranthema x morifolium¹ Coreopsis sp.² Dianthus sp.² Euphorbia pulcherrima² Gerbera sp.²

¹ No injury in 1 trial ² No injury in 2 trials

Impatiens hawkeri¹ Lupinus sp.¹ Osteospermum sp.¹ Pelargonium x hortorum² Salvia sp.¹ Verbena sp.¹ Viola sp.¹

Table 5 Detailed Summary of Crop Safety Testing with Mandestrobin.

Notes: Table entries are sorted by	v crop Latin name. Or	ly those trials with research re	ports received by	v 11/29/2021 are listed below.

PR#	Сгор	Production Site	Researcher	State	Year	Application Type	Results
32422	Madwort (Alyssum sp.) 'Clear Crystal Lavender'	Greenhouse	Bodine (NER)	NJ	2015	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
33061	Madwort (Alyssum sp.) A. montanum	Shadehouse/Lath House	Klett	СО	2017	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32392	Garden Snapdragon (Antirrhinum majus) 'Rocket Mix'	Greenhouse	Bodine (NER)	NJ	2015	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32392	Garden Snapdragon (Antirrhinum majus)	Greenhouse	Grunwald	OR	2017	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32392	Garden Snapdragon (Antirrhinum majus)	Greenhouse	Vafaie	TX	2018	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32389	Begonia (Begonia sp.) 'Dragon Wing Red'	Greenhouse	Freiberger	NJ	2019	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32389	Begonia (Begonia sp.)	Greenhouse	Grunwald	OR	2017	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32389	Begonia (Begonia sp.) B. semperflorens 'Bada Bing'	Greenhouse	Hausbeck	MI	2016	Foliar	No leaf injury, slight to moderate flower bleaching, with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times; no growth reduction.
33059	Begonia (Begonia sp.) 'Summerwings Rose'	Shadehouse/Lath House	Klett	СО	2017	Foliar	No injury or significant growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32394	Calibrachoa (Calibrachoa sp.) 'Blue Legend'	Greenhouse	Freiberger	NJ	2019	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
33060	Calibrachoa (Calibrachoa sp.) Minifamous Double Amethest	Shadehouse/Lath House	Klett	СО	2017	Foliar	No injury or significant growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
33073	Palm, Mediterranean Fan; Dwarf Fan Palm (Chamaerops humilis)	Field Container	Palmateer (UF)	FL	2016	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32396	Hardy Mum (Chrysanthemum/Dendranthema x morifolium) 'Snow Lady'	Greenhouse	Bodine (NER)	NJ	2015	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32419	Tickseed (Coreopsis sp.) 'Early Sunrise Yellow'	Greenhouse	Bodine (NER)	NJ	2015	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32419	Tickseed (Coreopsis sp.) C. verticillata "Moonbeam"	Greenhouse	Fraelich	GA	2021	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times biweekly. All plants marketable.
32423	Pink (Dianthus sp.) 'Bouquet Rose Magic'	Greenhouse	Bodine (NER)	NJ	2015	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32423	Pink (Dianthus sp.) D. gratianopolitanus. "Firewitch"	Greenhouse	Fraelich	GA	2021	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times biweekly. All plants marketable.

PR#	Сгор	Production Site	Researcher	State	Year	Application Type	Results
33062	Pink (Dianthus sp.) Dianthus SCENT FIRST POT Coral Reef	Shadehouse/Lath House	Klett	СО	2017	Foliar	No injury with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32385	Poinsettia (Euphorbia pulcherrima) 'Prestige Red'	Greenhouse	Catlin	NY	2017	Foliar	Minor injury and no growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal; moderate to high spray residue levels unacceptable at sale with all rates.
32385	Poinsettia (Euphorbia pulcherrima) 'Jubilee Red'	Greenhouse	Freiberger	NJ	2016	Foliar	No injury, growth reduction or delayed blooming with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32393	Transvaal Daisy (Gerbera sp.) 'EZdazy Mix'	Greenhouse	Beckerman	IN	2018	Foliar	No injury or significant growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32393	Transvaal Daisy (Gerbera sp.)	Greenhouse	Grunwald	OR	2017	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32386	Impatiens, New Guinea (Impatiens hawkeri) 'Harmony Deep Red'	Greenhouse	Bodine (NER)	NJ	2015	Foliar	No significant injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32424	Lupine (Lupinus sp.) 'Gallery Mix'	Greenhouse	Bodine (NER)	NJ	2015	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32395	Daisybush (Osteospermum sp.) M. ecklonis 'Margarita Rioja Red'	Greenhouse	Beckerman	IN	2018	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32390	Geranium, Zonal (Pelargonium x hortorum) 'Maverick Violet'	Greenhouse	Bodine (NER)	NJ	2015	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32390	Geranium, Zonal (Pelargonium x hortorum) 'Super Moon Red'	Greenhouse	Klett	СО	2018	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32391	Petunia (Petunia sp.) 'Dream Rose Picotee'	Greenhouse	Freiberger	NJ	2018	Foliar	No injury to leaves, some injury to blooming flowers, with complete recovery, with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times biweekly.
32391	Petunia (Petunia sp.) 'Sweetunia Johnny Flame'	Greenhouse	Ong	TX	2017	Foliar	No significant injury or stunting with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32391	Petunia (Petunia sp.) Petunia x hybrida 'Dreams Midnight'	Greenhouse	Uber	CA	2017	Foliar	No injury with 7.5 fl oz, minor injury with 15 and 30 fl oz per acre applied 3 times biweekly; no growth reduction.
32421	Sage (Salvia sp.) 'New Dimension Blue'	Greenhouse	Bodine (NER)	NJ	2015	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32397	Vervain (Verbena sp.)	Greenhouse	Grunwald	OR	2017	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32388	Violet (Viola sp.) V. cornuta 'Penny™ Denim Jump '	Greenhouse	Klett	СО	2018	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.
32420	Pansy, Large Flowering; Wittrock's Violet (Viola X wittrockiana) 'Matrix True Blue'	Greenhouse	Beckerman	IN	2020	Foliar	Minor injury with 7.5 and 15, moderate with 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times biweekly; no growth reduction.
32420	Pansy, Large Flowering; Wittrock's Violet (Viola X wittrockiana) 'Delta Orange Blotch'	Greenhouse	Bodine (NER)	NJ	2015	Foliar	No injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times.

 ∞

PR#	Сгор	Production Site	Researcher	State	Year	Application Type	Results
32420	Pansy, Large Flowering; Wittrock's Violet (Viola X wittrockiana) 'Spring Matrix DP Orange'	Greenhouse	Freiberger	NJ	2019	Foliar	No injury with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times biweekly; all plants grew and flowered normally.
32420	Pansy, Large Flowering; Wittrock's Violet (Viola X wittrockiana) 'Matrix Yellow'	Greenhouse	Vafaie	TX	2020	Foliar	No significant injury or growth reduction with 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal applied 3 times biweekly.

Label Suggestions

In this report, all plants exhibited no or minimal injury after foliar treatments of Mandestrobin at 7.5, 15 and 30 fl oz per 100 gal, suggesting that this active ingredient is safe to environmental horticulture crops. Given the lack of phytotoxicity across so many different plant species and genera, it is suggested that all 19 plants in Table 1 and Table 4 that showed no injury be placed on the Mandestrobin label if Valent has similar results on these crops. Or a general statement can be placed on the label such as 'has not been demonstrated to cause damage on various ornamental plant species according to labeled use instructions. Mandestrobin may be used on a wide number of crops but must be tested on a limited portion of the crop prior to applying to the whole crop if the grower has no previous experience applying Mandestrobin to that crop'.

Appendix 1: Contributing Researchers

Dr. Janna L. Beckerman	Purdue University Dept. of Botany and Plant Pathology West Lafayette, IN 47907
Mr. Dave Bodine	Rutgers University Cream Ridge Experiment Station 283 Rt. 539 Cream Ridge, NJ 08514
Dr. Nora J. Catlin	Cornell Cooperative Extension 423 Griffing Avenue Riverhead, NY 11901
Mr. Tom Freiberger	Rutgers University Cream Ridge Experiment Station 283 Rt. 539 Cream Ridge, NJ 08514
Dr. Mary Hausbeck Mr. Blair Harlan	Michigan State University Dept. of Plant Pathology 140 Plant Pathology Building East Lansing, MI 48824 517-355-4534
Dr. Jim Klett	Colorado State University Department of Horticulture and Landscape Architecture Fort Collins, CO 80423
Dr. Nik Grunwald	Horticultural Crops Research Lab USDA-ARS 3420 NW Orchard Ave. Corvallis, OR 97330
Dr. Kevin Ong	Texas A&M AgriLife Extension L.F. Peterson Building College Station, TX 77843 979-845-8032
Dr. Aaron Palmateer (<i>past affiliate</i>)	University of Florida Tropical Research & Education Center 18905 SW 280 Street Homestead, FL 33031
Mr. Buzz Uber	Crop Inspection Service 31130 Hilltop Drive Valley Center, CA 92082

Dr. Erfan Vafaie (*past affiliate*) Texas A&M University Texas Agrilife Extension Service Overton TX 75684